

# EMOTIONAL WELLNESS IMATTERS

VOLUME XVII, NUMBER 1

## Rumination – When We Get Lost in Our Thoughts

**T**hinking about our problems is, without doubt, part of an effective way of solving them. If we need to deal with one of our life issues, we think it through, review our various options, and then choose a course of action to handle the problem. We can then take action to resolve the issue – and this might include redefining it so that we don't experience it as a problem any longer.

But sometimes we get stuck at the thinking stage of problem-solving and go no farther. The success of thinking can lead us to engage solely in thought, as if – if we do more and more of it – we can think our way through what seems to be an insoluble issue. We find comfort in thought itself and never move into the problem-solving strategy of taking efficacious action. What we may not understand is that *rumination* (or *overthinking*) is driven by anxiety. Letting thoughts swirl in our heads over and over again is one way to soothe our anxiety – but it's a trap because we get stuck in our thoughts and never move on to take action to solve the problem.

Rumination is more likely to occur when our thoughts are largely negative. Positive thinking encourages us to take effective action. Negative thoughts, on the other hand, because of social constraints and the negative impact they have on our self-image, discourage us from taking action. When we engage in negative thinking most of the time, we feel overwhelmed by the world. We feel stuck. We can't see our way out of our problems. Negative thinking drives people away

### Fox Valley Institute News Brief

**Fox Valley Institute therapists attended Advanced Training and Certification in Clinical Hypnosis with Rapid Trauma Resolution (RRT)** in September in Des Plaines. In addition, Dr. Laura Bokar attended an RRT training in August. If you still don't know about the life-changing benefits of Rapid Trauma Resolution, call us at 630-718-0717 ext. 201 and we'll be glad to answer any questions for you.

**Dr. Bokar will present her seminar, "Here to Help: The Ultimate Therapist's Guide to Building a Million Dollar Practice,"** at The Chicago School of Professional Psychology on Friday, October 23, 2009 in Chicago.

**Dr. Bokar and Tysha Osborne of Fox Valley Institute,** as well as other professionals, will also present *Building a Million Dollar Practice* seminar at the Edward Hospital Plainfield Outpatient Center in Plainfield on Friday, November 13, 2009. This training is sponsored by Linden Oaks Hospital at Edward.

**Have a high school student stressed about taking the ACT or SAT?** Local seminars and personal coaching are available at [www.CollegeExamTutor.com](http://www.CollegeExamTutor.com). You can also contact College Exam Tutor by phone at 630.205.8132.

**In August, Dr. Bokar was one of the celebrity bartenders at Zaidi's Restaurant in Naperville.** All tips and 20% of all bar food sales from the evening were donated to Samaritan Interfaith Counseling Center.

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River North Medical Building  
636 Raymond Drive, Suite 305  
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from us so that we are unable to share our thoughts with others and benefit from the feedback they might offer. And so, alone, we think – and think. We ruminate.

Our emotions of the moment, as they ebb and flow throughout the day, influence our thoughts. If we feel sad, the brain has greater access to sad thoughts and memories. So when things happen in our lives, we interpret these events in a sad way. Similarly, if we feel anxious, our brain responds to memories associated with anxiety – and this may lead to our feeling unsafe or even paranoid, because we filter our interpretations of events in an anxious way. These negative emotions are associated with negative thoughts. And this is where rumination takes hold. Negative moods lead to negative thinking, which subsequently drives our negative mood – and we get caught in the cycle of rumination. (Interestingly, if we can change our thinking in a positive way, then positive moods will follow – and then we interpret events positively and can take effective action to solve our problems.)

Researchers have found that women are much more likely to ruminate than men. This reflects the two-to-one ratio of women who suffer from depression in comparison to men. There are a number of possible reasons why women ruminate more often than men, including socialization practices in our society, job discrimination, lower pay, and a greater incidence of abuse. In addition to depression, rumination is associated with anxiety, anger, and substance abuse.

The content of ruminations falls into three broad categories –

- **Victimization** – When we feel that we have been treated badly by someone, we ruminate about the injustice we have experienced. We review the situation again and again and think of ways we can find retribution. We don't look at the whole situation or try to understand our part in the interaction. Unfortunately, we may take action on our thoughts that may have negative consequences.
- **Magnifying** – When we feel upset, we start thinking of reasons to explain our feelings. We may come up with a number of causes, all equally plausible, and some may be dramatic and not grounded in reality. We then take rash actions with negative consequences, such as quitting our job, ending a friendship, or acting out our bad mood.
- **Chaos** – Sometimes we feel overwhelmed and our thoughts dart from one focus to another without any clear theme. We end up feeling disoriented – and we may shut down or run away from our problems.

Rumination should not be confused with other types of thinking.

- Rumination is not the same as worry, although ruminators do worry. Worry involves “what if’s” – wondering about things that might happen (“What if I say the wrong thing at work?” “What if this date goes wrong?”). Rumination, on the other hand, focuses more on things that have happened in the past – like things you said or things that went wrong.
- Rumination is not the same as obsessive-compulsive disorder. OCD involves a preoccupation with thoughts that are external, like germs, and how they might intrude on us. Ruminators can turn these thoughts off easily.
- And rumination is not like the thinking that goes on in therapy. One thing that therapy might do is to focus on effective problem-solving, including looking at situations in a different way and finding ways to take action to solve problems. Ruminators focus on one way of looking at a problem and they seldom get to the point of solving the problem.

## How Do We Overcome Rumination?

Rumination is an elusive experience. We get caught in the ruminative pattern without realizing it and then assume that this is the way things are supposed to be – thinking and thinking endlessly. We slip into the pattern automatically and feel that we have no control over it. The experience can feel agonizing, but may also seem familiar and comfortable. It does not solve the problems that we are anxious about, and in fact it ultimately increases our anxiety and may lead to depression.

Let's look at a few ways of breaking the ruminative pattern that can work in a short time. Working on these strategies with a professional therapist can be highly effective.

### Realize that rumination is not a healthy resolution to your problems

During a ruminative episode we may feel that we have finally gained insight into what is bothering us. “I deserve to feel angry about what he did to me.” “I have a right to feel depressed over the neglect I've suffered in my life.” We need to understand that these negative thoughts simply exacerbate our

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This newsletter is intended to offer general information only and recognizes that individual issues may differ from these broad guidelines. Personal issues should be addressed within a therapeutic context with a professional familiar with the details of the problems. ©2009 Simmonds Publications: 5580 La Jolla Blvd., #306, La Jolla, CA 92037 Website ~ [www.emotionalwellness.com](http://www.emotionalwellness.com)

underlying negative mood. When we ruminate we get caught in tunnel vision. We see the world in only one way. This is not a healthy route to solving our life problems. It simply sets us up for depression, more anxiety, and anger. It helps to understand and accept that there are better ways of dealing with problems.

### The use of distraction

Research has found that engaging in a pleasant distraction is a good way to open the way to effective problem-solving. The use of distraction from rumination can improve our mood and lead to positive thinking. Even a few minutes of distraction can have long-term effects. Some people use exercise as a distraction. A walk around the block, swimming, gardening, or a workout at the gym are all positive distractions from rumination, as well as a hobby that requires us to pay attention to what is happening in the moment. Reading can be a good distraction. The goal is to break the rumination and to focus on something else. Of course, we need to realize that a distraction is not the same as escaping from a problem. For example, alcohol or other substance abuse, losing oneself in videogames, or binge eating are not healthy distractions.

### The "Stop" Technique

When you find yourself caught in the swirl of ruminative thoughts, one short-term technique that may help is simply to tell yourself to stop. While this will not last long, and it is certainly not a permanent way to curb rumination, it will give you a sense of some control and open the way to try out longer-lasting methods. You might try putting a rubber band around your wrist and then snapping it when you find yourself overthinking, along with the verbal reminder to "stop."

### Observe Yourself

When rumination takes over, cultivate the ability to observe yourself from a distance. Ask yourself, "What am I doing?" "Isn't my thinking like this just a way of giving the power to the other person?" "I'm letting the other person control me." Redefining your overthinking in this way gives you a sense of power over it. Take this method to the next step – come up with different ideas that truly allow you to solve the problem constructively. Try to see the issue from the other person's point of view. Redefine the problem using more positive thoughts.

### Put Aside Time to Ruminat

If you allow yourself to ruminate, it can take up your whole day. From morning to a sleepless night, you ponder your situation endlessly. It takes over your life and you do have other responsibilities. Tell yourself that you will allow yourself only an hour per day to ruminate. Choose an hour when you normally feel good (and this should not be right before going to bed). When the urge to ruminate appears, tell yourself that you will put it aside and save it for your "thinking hour." Many people find that because they are now spending most of their days free from ruminating, the problems seem less overwhelming during the hour of thinking.

### Share Your Thoughts

Rumination is a private experience and we seldom share the thoughts we harbor with other people. We generate thoughts that may have little basis in the real world. You can break this pattern by sharing your thoughts with a trusted friend, family member, or therapist. This person can ask relevant questions, such as, "What was your mood before you started thinking about this?" You can listen to their feedback and ask questions – and this will allow you to see your issues in a new light and gain new perspective. Make sure that the person you talk to is stable. If you choose a person who simply fans the flames of your thoughts, you will accomplish nothing and may drift further into your ruminative thoughts.

I've been spending way too long  
checking my tongue in the mirror  
And bending over backwards  
just to try to see it clearer  
But my breath fogged up the glass  
And so I drew a new face and I  
laughed.

- Jason Mraz, "I'm Yours"

### For Further Reading

Susan Nolen-Hoeksema. *Women Who Think Too Much*. New York: Henry Holt and Company. 273 pages, paperback, \$15.00. ISBN-13: 9789-0-8050-7525-0.



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## Emergence from Rumination over the Long Run

Although the techniques we have reviewed work in the short run, rumination may return during times of stress or when a crisis comes into your life. Let's look at some ways to replace the old ruminative pattern with more positive approaches. Adopting these strategies, which will take time and can be learned with the help of a professional therapist, can free you from rumination and help you move to higher ground over time.

**Learn to avoid the triggers** – You can learn to identify the situations that lead to rumination – and to avoid them. For example, if spending time with a friend leads to overthinking, limit the time you spend with this particular friend.

**Let go of unrealistic goals** – Learn to assess whether your life goals are realistic or not. Holding on to unrealistic goals drives rumination. But redefining them into goals that can be accomplished realistically can free you from overthinking.

**Indulge yourself in different ways** – Instead of going into ruminative thought when you feel stressed, learn alternate methods. For example, physical exercise, a bubble bath, talking with a trusted friend, nature walks, prayer, or meditation can all be used instead.

**Develop your narrative** – Reviewing your life and seeing it in a new, whole, and meaningful way

can provide insights and different perspectives during times of stress. Working on your narrative with a therapist can lead to a permanent change in how you handle life's challenges.

**Expand your range of activities** – Rumination is more probable when our lives are limited. If your work has taken over your life, try doing volunteer work or getting into a hobby in a completely different setting. Or you might consider making new friends.

**Define your life in positives, not negatives** – Rumination thrives when we see ourselves in negative terms. Learn to change the negative interpretations of your life into positives. Instead of focusing on failures in your life, highlight the successes. This method, in itself, can lead you to the joy and happiness in life that you truly deserve.



River North Medical Building  
636 Raymond Drive, Suite 305  
Naperville, IL 60563  
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www.fvinstitute.com

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### Staff Directory:

Laura Ahrens: lahrens@fvinstitute.com • Ext 206	Christine McGrath: chris@fvinstitute.com • Ext 209
Laura Bokar: laura@fvinstitute.com • Ext 202	Tysha Osborne: tysha@fvinstitute.com • Ext 201
Cheryl Frommelt: cheryl@fvinstitute.com • Ext 210	Keena Peek: keena@fvinstitute.com • Ext 205
Suzanne Keenon: suzanne@fvinstitute.com • Ext 212	Debbie Prescott: debbie@fvinstitute.com • Ext 207
Jennifer Logston: jennifer@fvinstitute.com • Ext 211	Kimberly Waterous: kimberly@fvinstitute.com • Ext 203